



6<sup>ème</sup> édition

**SAMEDI, 2 DECEMBRE 2023**  
SALONS VARENNE, NOISY-LE-GRAND



# Nouvelles thérapeutiques dans les amyloses cardiaques

Pr T. Damy (Mondor)

# Actualités Thérapeutiques dans les amyloses à transthyrétine CardioCONNECT

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[www.reseau-amylose.org](http://www.reseau-amylose.org)

ASSISTANCE  
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HENRI MONDOR



**Réseau  
Amylose**



**maladies rares**



**cardiogen**

filère nationale de santé  
maladies cardiaques héréditaires ou rares

# Les différents types d'amylose cardiaque

## ACQUISES

### ATTR-wt

Sauvage (anciennement  
systémique sénile)

### AL

Chaîne légère

### AA

Maladies inflammatoires

## HEREDITAIRE

### ATTR-v (V pour variant)

Fibrinogen

Gelsolin

ApoA1

ApoA2

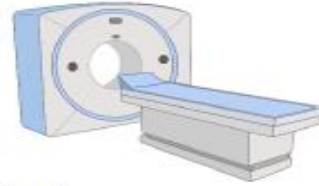
Lysozyme

Cystatin C

# ATTR prevalence in cardiologic « syndromes »



**Autopsy in unselected elderly individuals: 21%**  
(95% CI 7-39%)



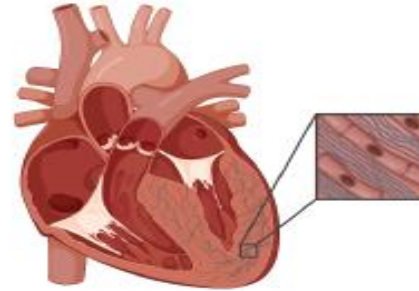
**Bone scintigraphy for non-cardiac reasons:**  
≥81 years: ~1.3% M, ~0.4% W



**HFpEF: 12%**  
(95% CI 6-20%)  
*M 73% (39-100%)*  
77 years (66-86)  
*AL-CA 10% (0-40%)*



**Aortic stenosis: 8%**  
(95% CI 5-13%)  
*M 67% (50-89%)*  
84 years (75-88)  
*AL-CA 2% (0-6%)*



**HFrEF/HFmrEF: 10%**  
(95% CI 6-15%)  
*M 100%*  
81 years (76-85)  
*AL-CA 0%*

## Prevalence of cardiac amyloidosis in screening studies

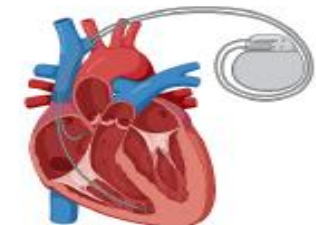


**HCM: 7%**  
(95% CI 5-9%)  
*M 80% (73-87%)*  
74 years  
*AL-CA 0-9%*



**Surgery for carpal tunnel syndrome: 7%**  
(95% CI 5-10%)  
*M 64% (33-100%)*  
76 years (73-79)  
*AL-CA 18% (0-33%)*

**Conduction disorders: 2%**  
(95% CI 0-4%)  
*M 50%*  
90 years  
*AL-CA 0%*

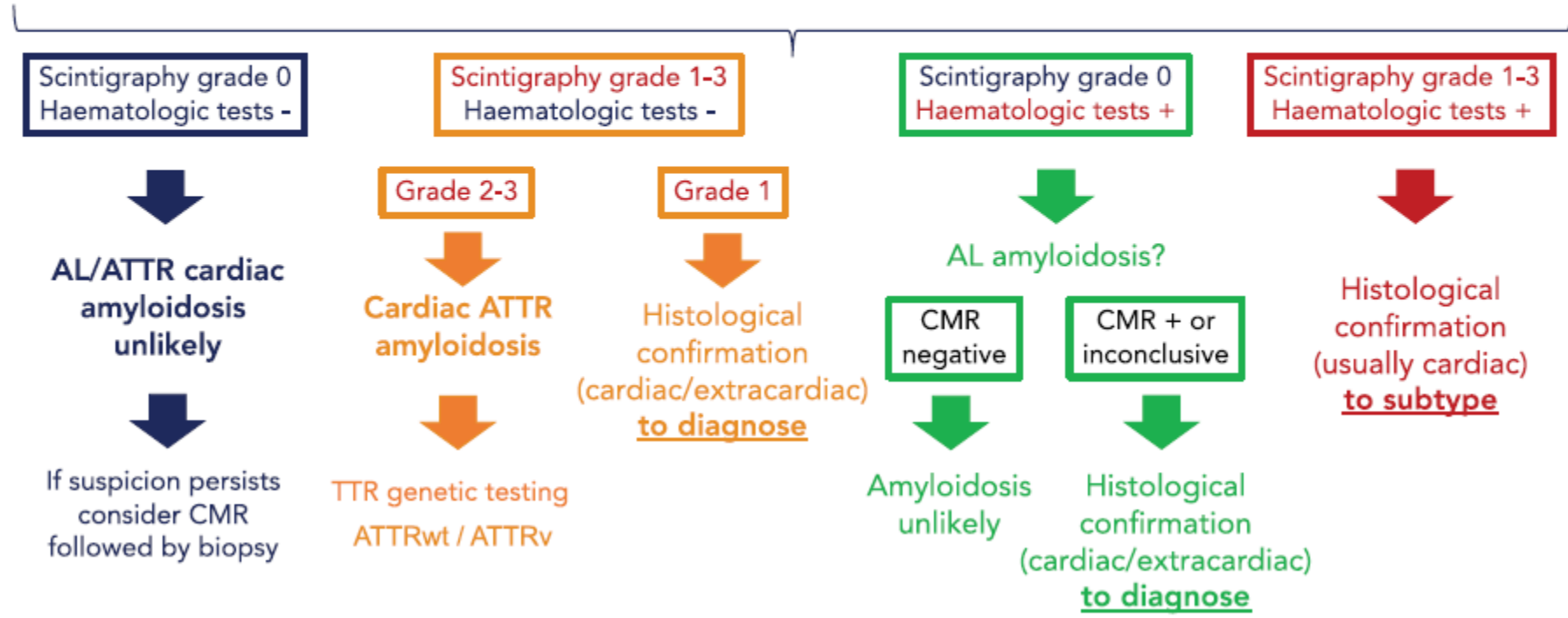
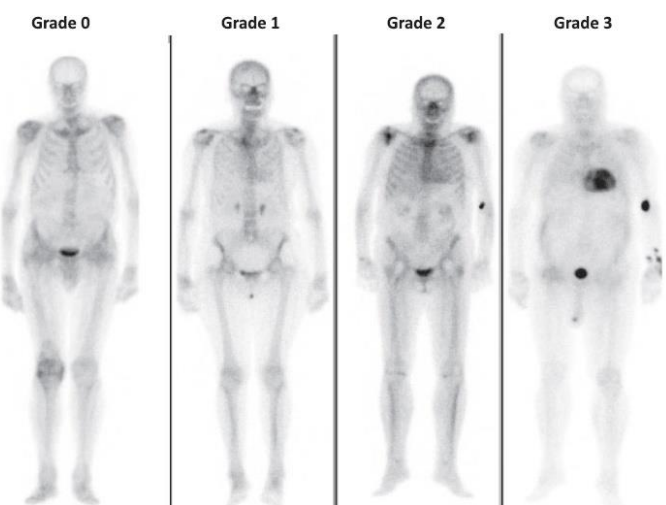


Signs & symptoms, ECG, echo or CMR suggestive of cardiac amyloidosis

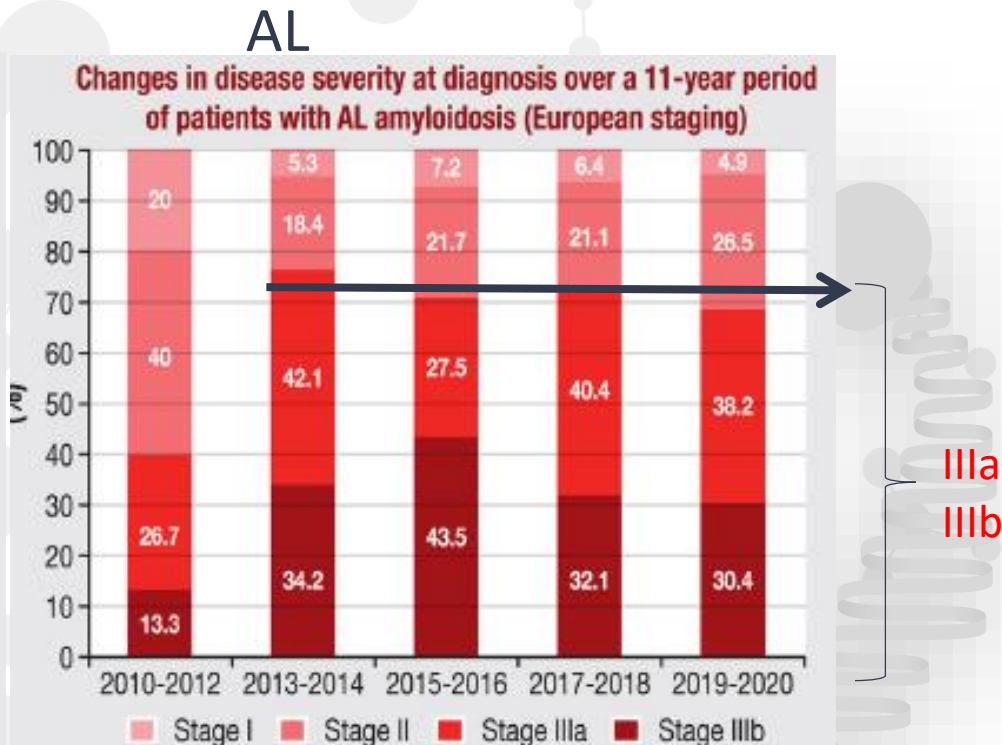
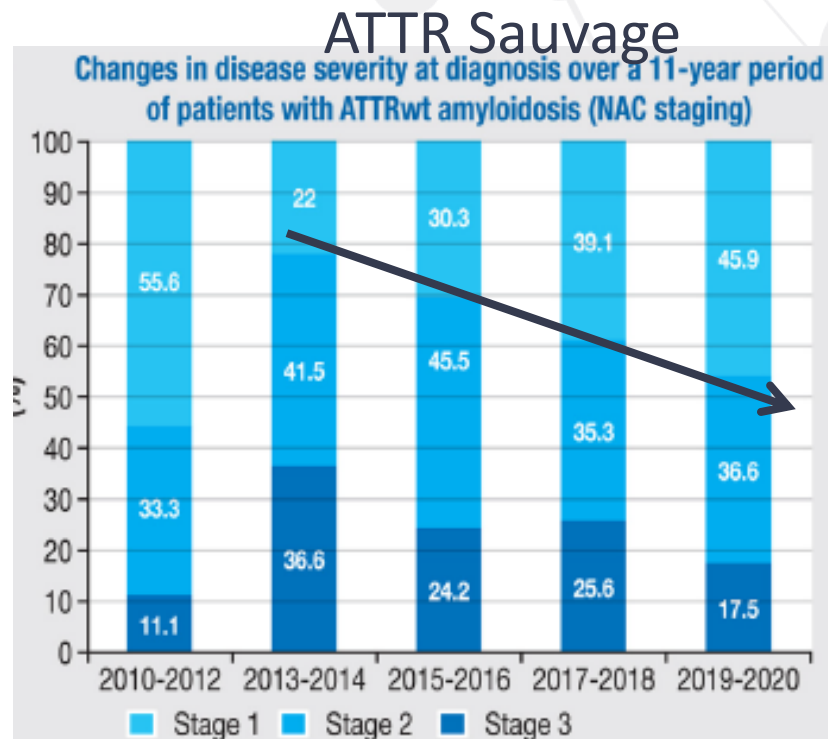
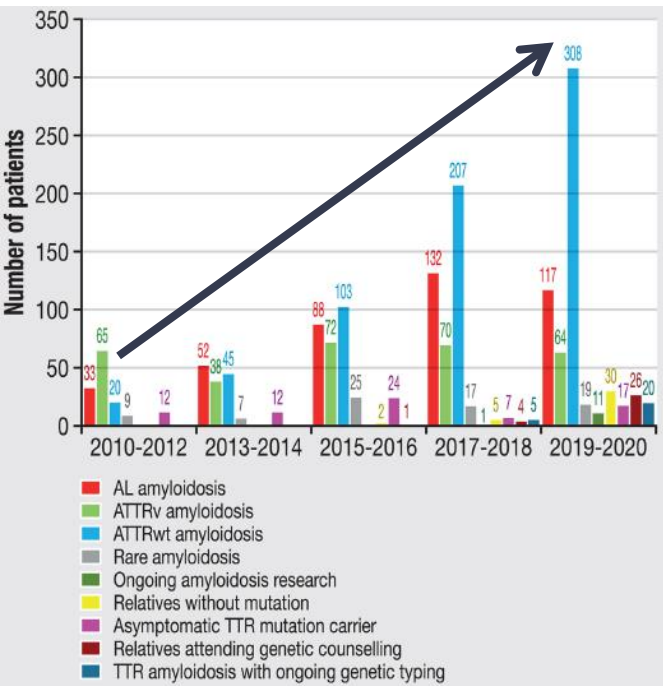
<sup>99m</sup>Tc-DPD/PYP/HMDP  
Scintigraphy with SPECT

&

Haematologic tests  
(serum free-light chain  
quantification & serum and  
urine immunofixation)



# Evolution du diagnostic et de la sévérité sur 11 ans d'expérience



In 2023:  
 ≈2500 Amyloses Cardiaques  
 >550 AL

27 (9–51)

12 (4–7)

17 (6–50)

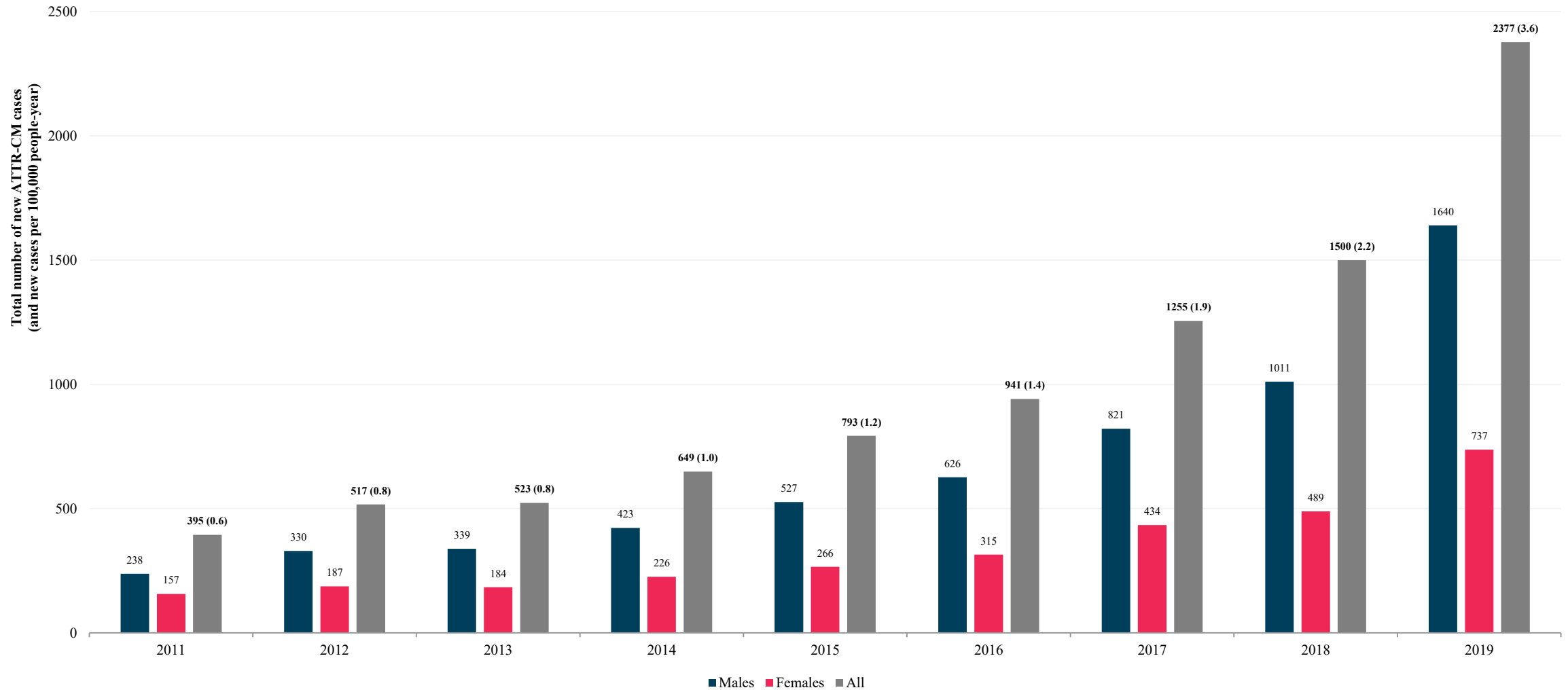
10 (2–25)

-15 months

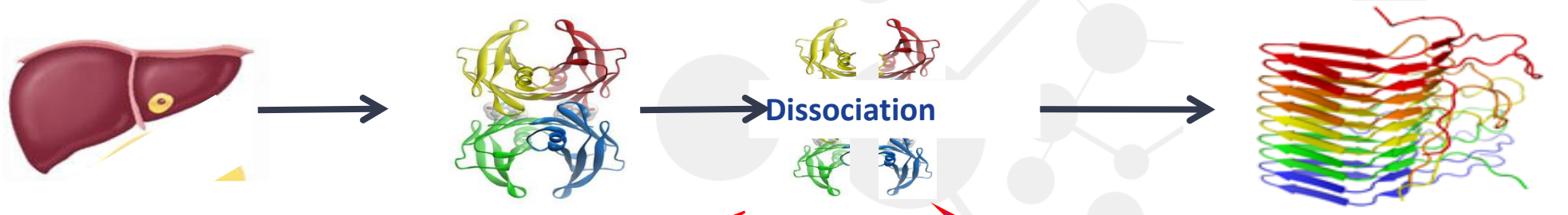
-7 months

Temps entre le diagnostic et les symptômes cardiaques

# Etude sur le SNDS (assurance maladie)



# Physiopathologie des amyloses à transthyrétine

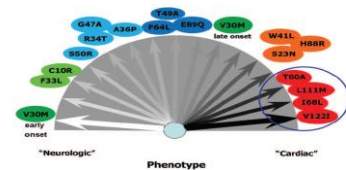


## ATTRv

Autosomique dominante

120 mutations

CŒUR >>> Nerf



## ATTRwt

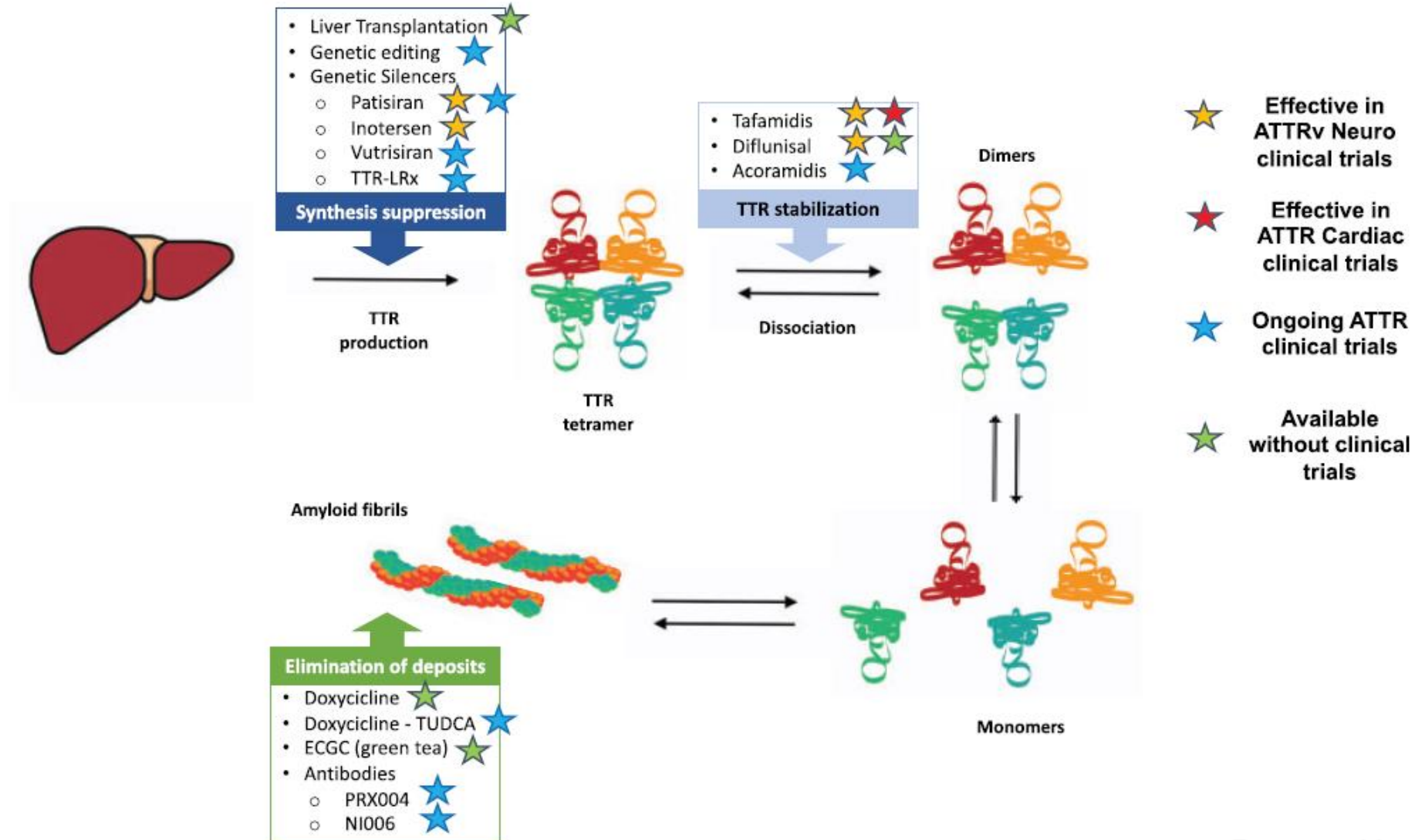
Véritable « Alzheimer Cardiaque »

25% des hommes de plus de 80 ans ont des dépôts d'amylose TTR dans le coeur

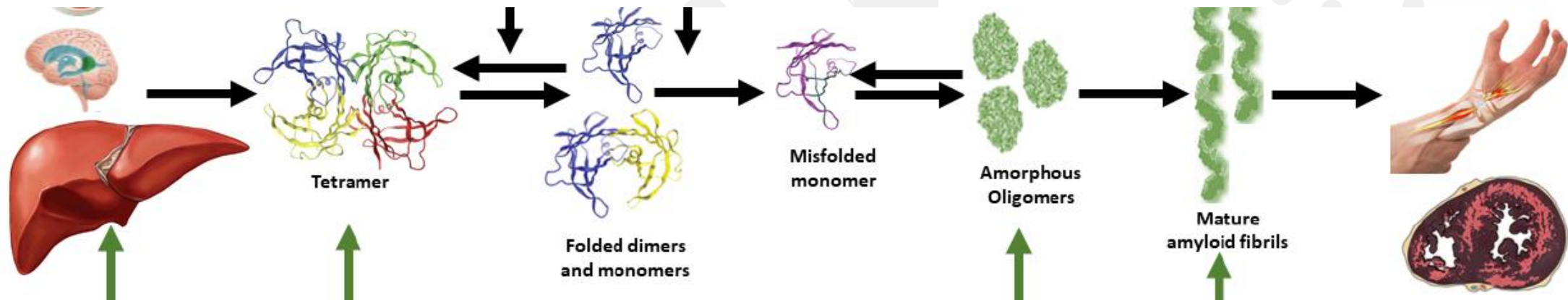
- Mutations cardiaques...
- ATTR V122I : présente chez 3,6% des africains/ afrocaribéens.



# Les thérapies développées ou en développement pour les amyloses ATTR



# Les mécanismes d'action des nouveaux traitements



## Liver Transplantation

### TTR Gene Silencing

-siRNA and ASO :  
Patisiran, Revusiran,  
Vutrisiran, Inotersen,  
Eplontersen  
-Crispr Cas 9

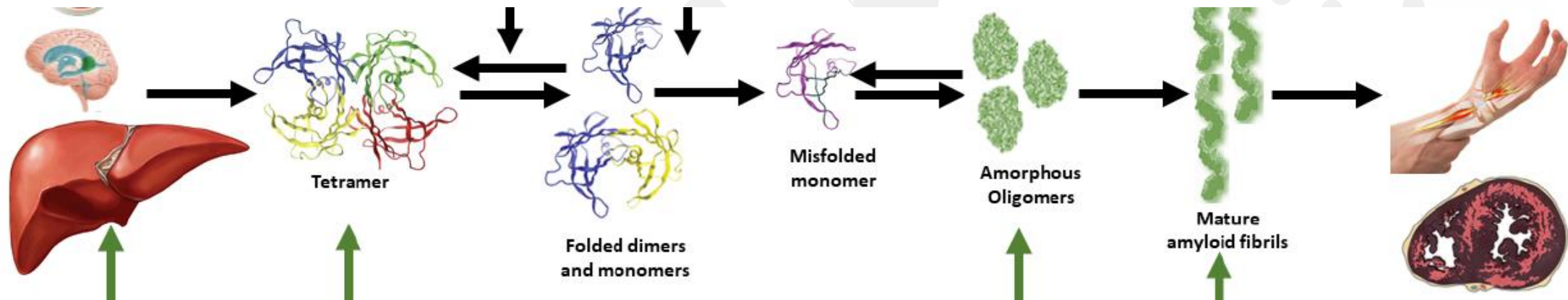
## ATTR Stabilisateurs

-Tafamidis,  
-Acoramidis,  
-Diflunisal

## Dépléteurs - Anticorps

-NI006  
-PRX004

# Les mécanismes d'action des nouveaux traitements



## Liver Transplantation

### TTR Gene Silencing

- siRNA and ASO :  
Patisiran, Revusiran,  
Vutrisiran, Inotersen,  
Eplontersen
- Crispr Cas 9

## TTR Stabilizers

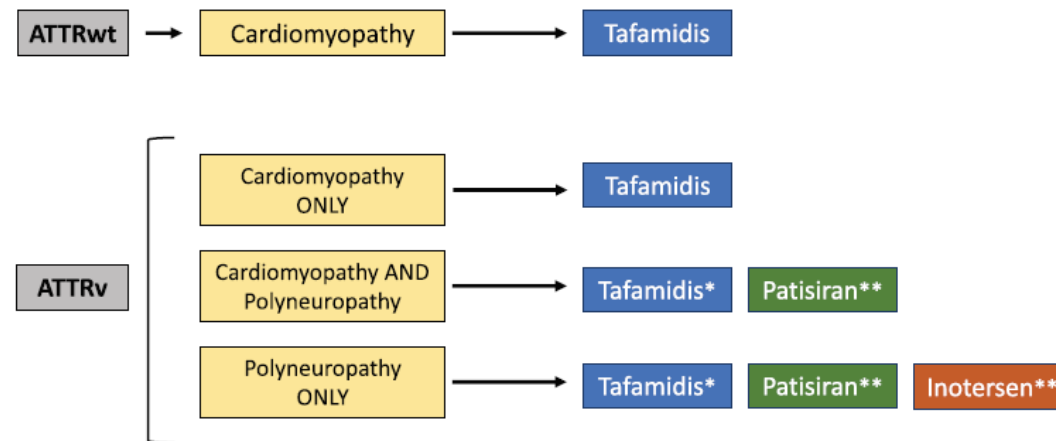
- Tafamidis,
- Acoramidis,
- Diflunisal

## Antibodies to clear Amyloidosis Deposits

- NI006
- PRX004

# New recommendation for the treatment of transthyretin amyloidosis-cardiac amyloidosis

Recommendations	Class <sup>a</sup>	Level <sup>b</sup>
Tafamidis is recommended in patients with genetic testing proven hereditary hTTR-CMP and NYHA class I or II symptoms to reduce symptoms and CV hospitalization and mortality.	I	B
Tafamidis is recommended in patients with wtTTR-CA and NYHA class I or II symptoms to reduce symptoms and CV hospitalization and mortality.	I	B



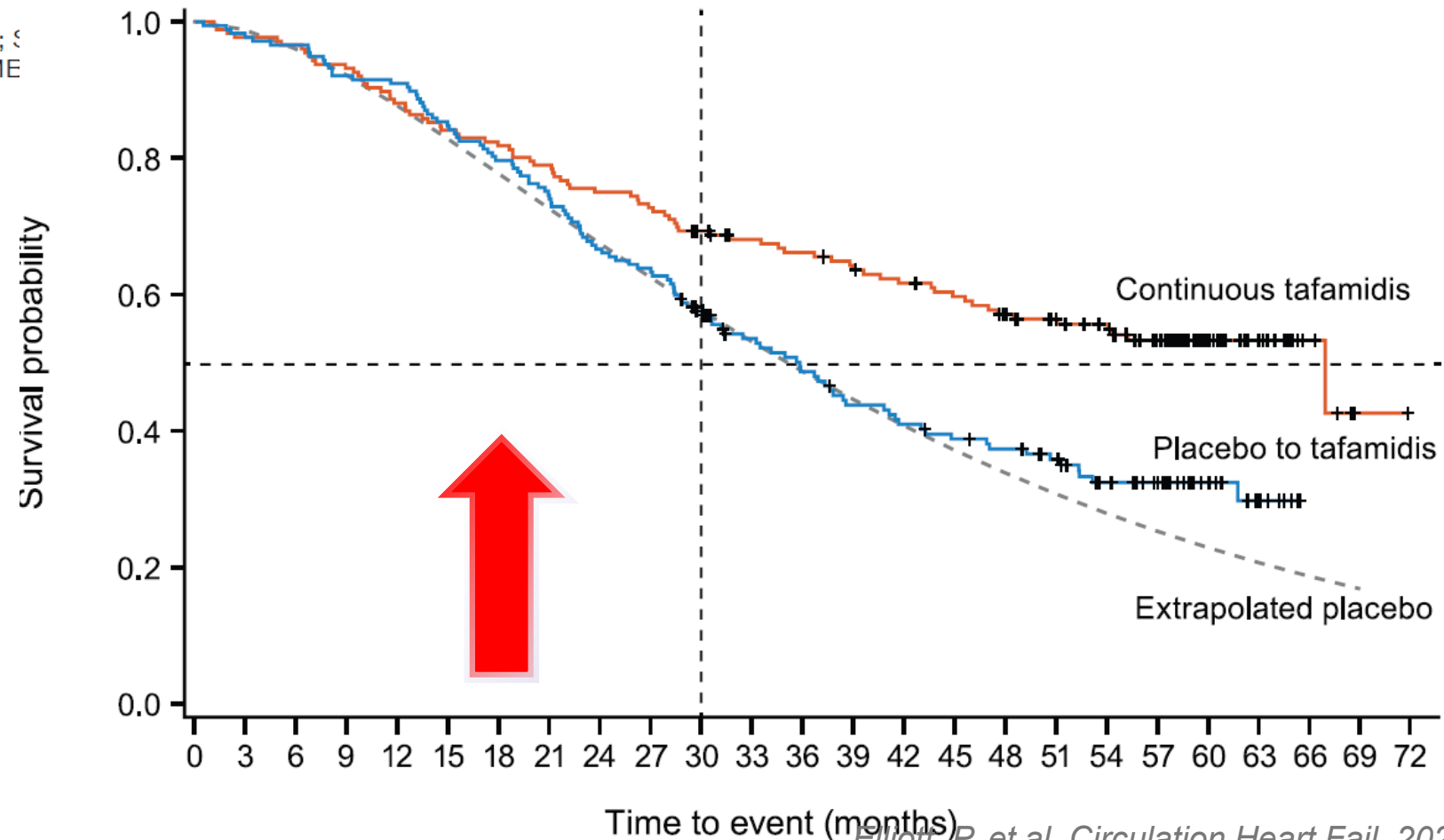
\* Polyneuropathy Stage 1  
 \*\* Polyneuropathy Stage 1 & 2

# Impact du tafamidis à long terme

## Long-Term Survival With Tafamidis in Patients With Transthyretin Amyloid Cardiomyopathy

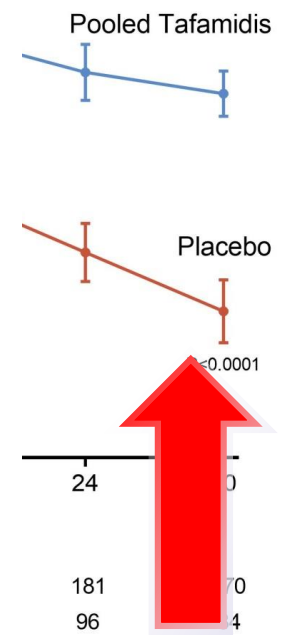
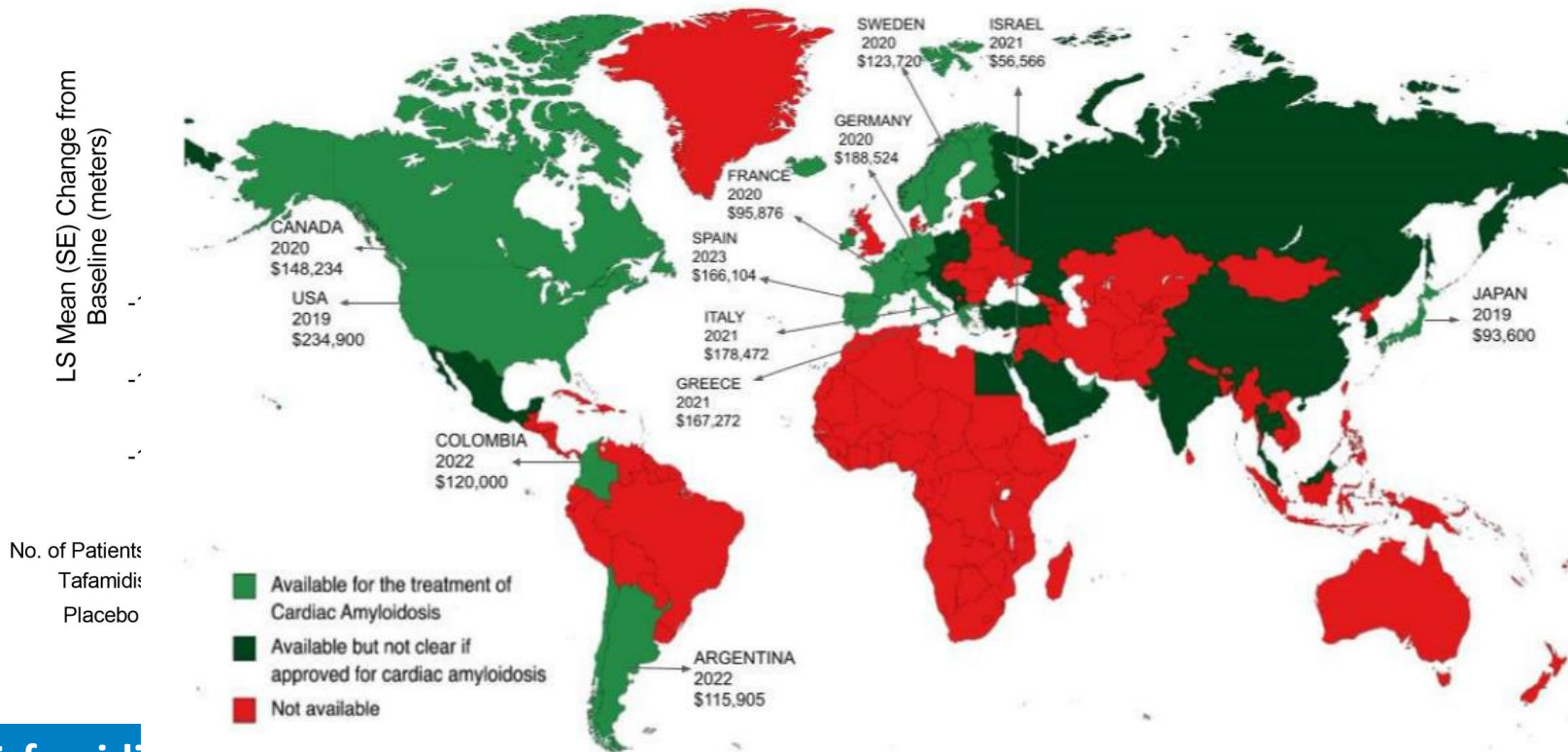
Perry Elliott<sup>1</sup>, MD; Brian M. Drachman, MD; § Daniel J. Lenihan<sup>2</sup>, MD; Ben Ebede, MS, ME Sanjiv J. Shah<sup>3</sup>, MD

- Median follow-up was 58.5 months in the continuous tafamidis group (n=176) and 57.1 months in the placebo to tafamidis group (n=177).
- 79 (44.9%) deaths with continuous tafamidis and 111 (62.7%) with placebo to tafamidis (hazard ratio, 0.59 [95% CI, 0.44-0.79];  $P < 0.001$ ).



# Ta Heterogeneous worldwide access and pricing of Tafamidis

Abdirahman Wardhere<sup>1</sup>, Dimitrios Bampatsias<sup>1</sup>, Nowell Fine<sup>2</sup>, Pablo Garcia-Pavia<sup>3</sup>, Martha Grogan<sup>4</sup>, Arnt V Kristen<sup>5</sup>, Thibaud Damy<sup>6</sup>, Yoshiki Sekijima<sup>7</sup>, Mathew S Maurer<sup>1</sup>

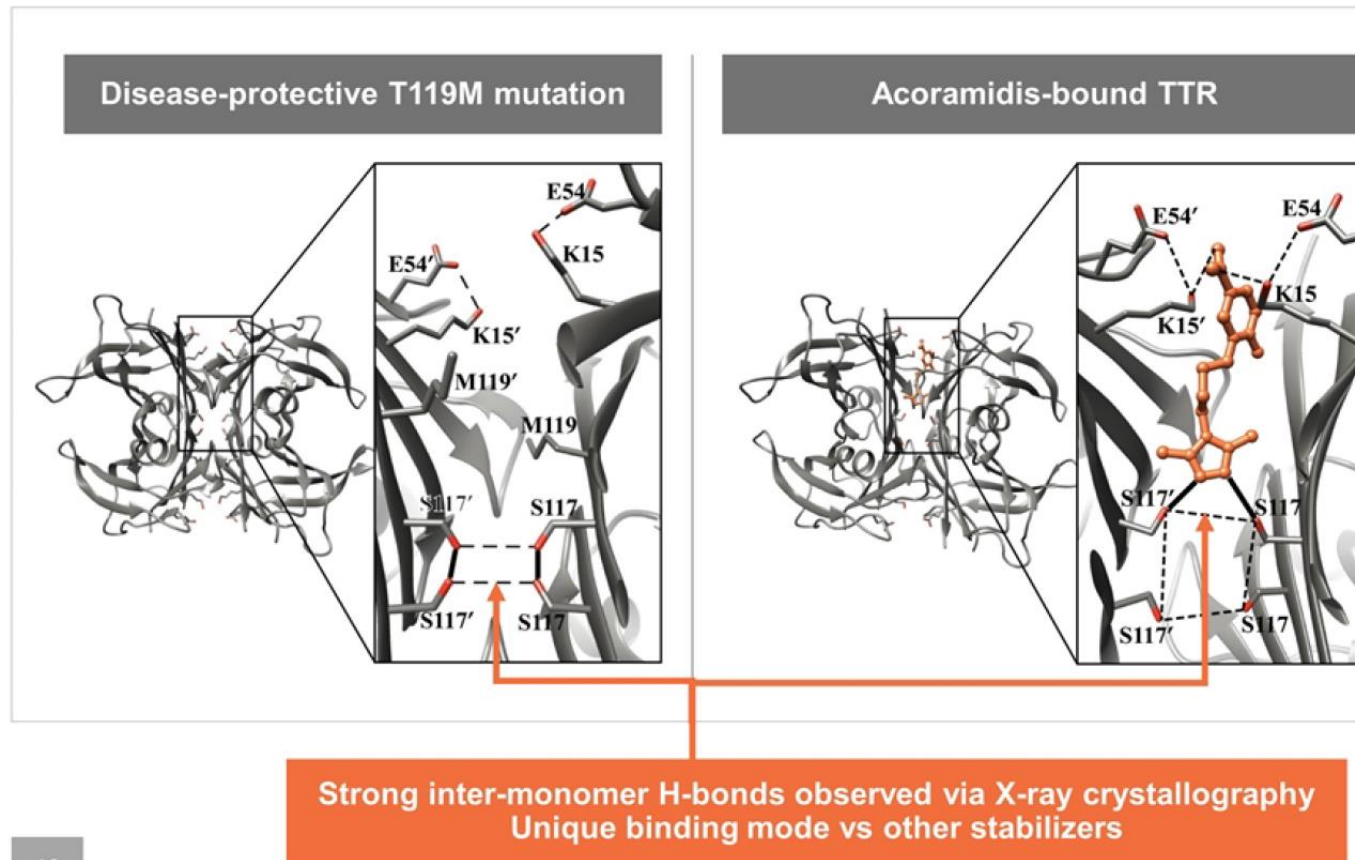
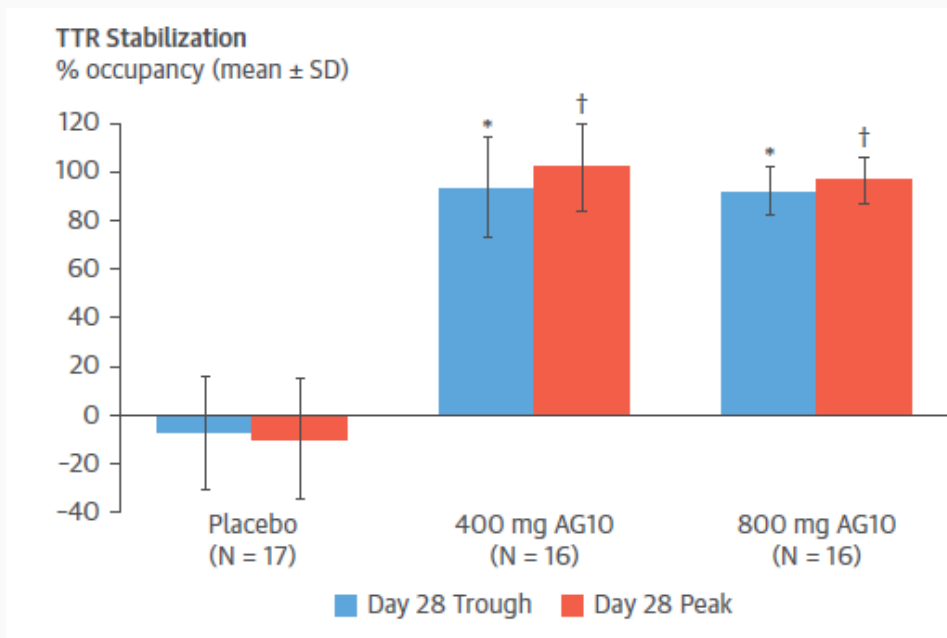


Tafamidis	At 30 months
Least-square mean difference	-2180.54
	[95% CI, -3326.14 to -1034.95]

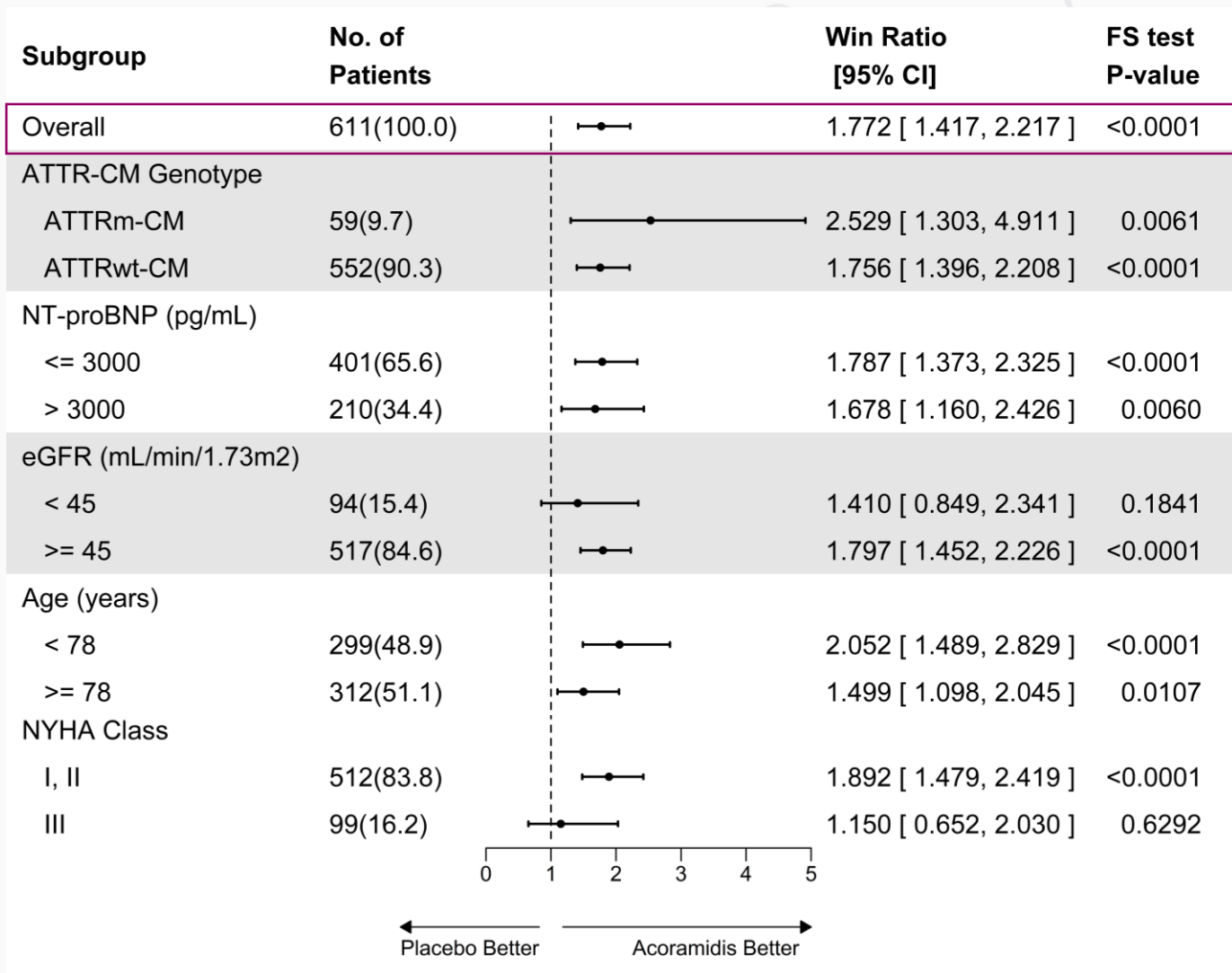
Figure 1. A world map illustrating Tafamidis availability for the treatment of ATTR cardiac amyloidosis. Green indicates countries where Tafamidis is available with labels for specific countries indicating the annual price list of Tafamidis where it is available for the treatment of ATTR cardiac amyloidosis. Dark green indicates countries where Tafamidis is available but not clear if approved for cardiac amyloidosis (list provided by the manufacturer). red indicates countries where Tafamidis is not available. Data for prices shown was obtained from experts in respective countries and or data from the following sources: USA Canada Italy Spain France Sweden Argentina Greece.

# Acoramidis : Un nouveau stabilisateur

- Promising mechanism of action by mimicking the protective mutation ATTR Thr119Met



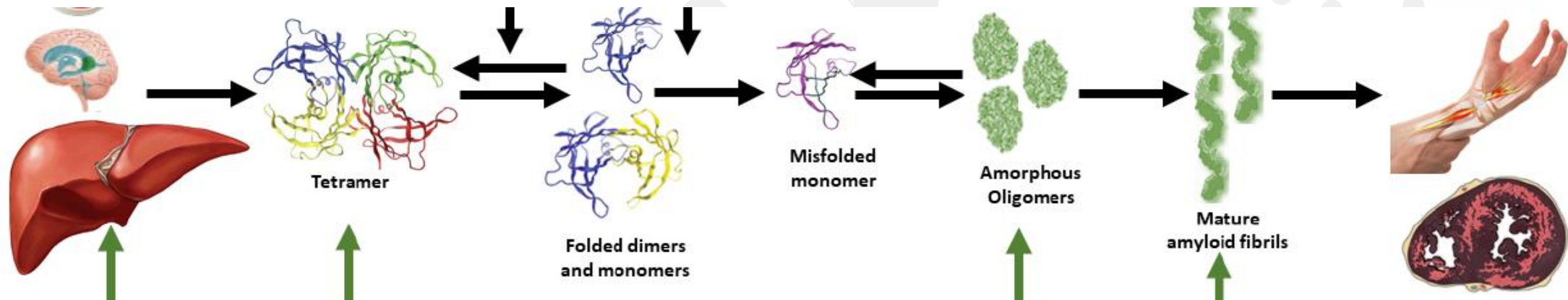
# ATTRibute-CM : Critère principal combiné.



FS = Finkelstein-Schoenfeld; CI = Confidence interval.



# Les mécanismes d'action des nouveaux traitements



Liver Transplantation

TTR Gene Silencing

-siRNA and ASO :  
Patisiran, Revusiran,  
Vutrisiran, Inotersen,  
Eplontersen  
-Crispr Cas 9

TTR Stabilizers

-Tafamidis,  
-Acoramidis,  
-Diflunisal

Antibodies to clear  
Amyloidosis Deposits

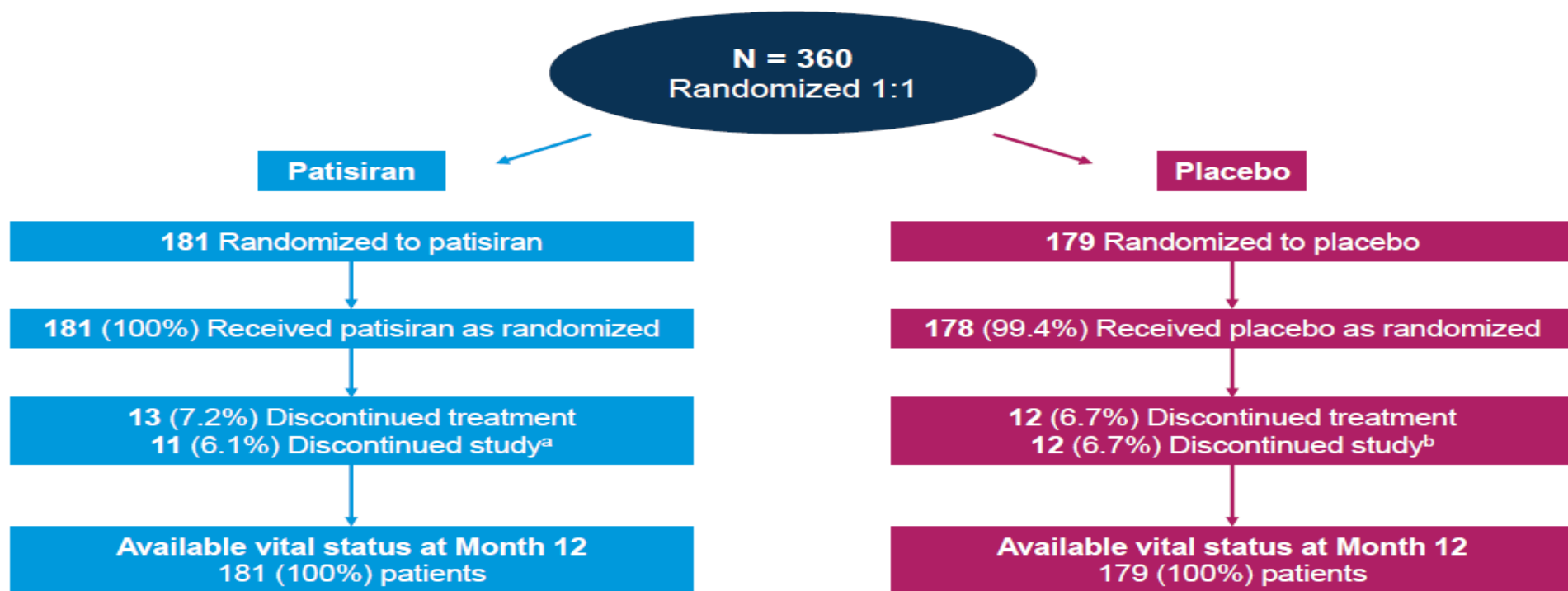
-NI006  
-PRX004

# APPOLO-B design : Patisiran IV injection every 3 weeks



## Patient Disposition

12-Month Double-Blind Treatment Period in APOLLO-B + Open Long term Extension (OLE)



<sup>a</sup>Reasons for discontinuing patisiran treatment: AE (4 [2.2%]), death (3 [1.7%]), other (6 [3.3%]). <sup>b</sup>Reasons for discontinuing placebo treatment: AE (5 [2.8%]), death (3 [1.7%]), physician decision (1 [0.6%]), other (3 [1.7%]). Other excludes A 5 patients lost to follow-up, physician decision, pregnancy, protocol deviation, study terminated by sponsor, and non-compliance to study drug. Abbreviation: AE, adverse event.

# Appolo B : parue le 26 octobre



## *The* NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL *of* MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

OCTOBER 26, 2023

VOL. 389 NO. 17

### Patisiran Treatment in Patients with Transthyretin Cardiac Amyloidosis

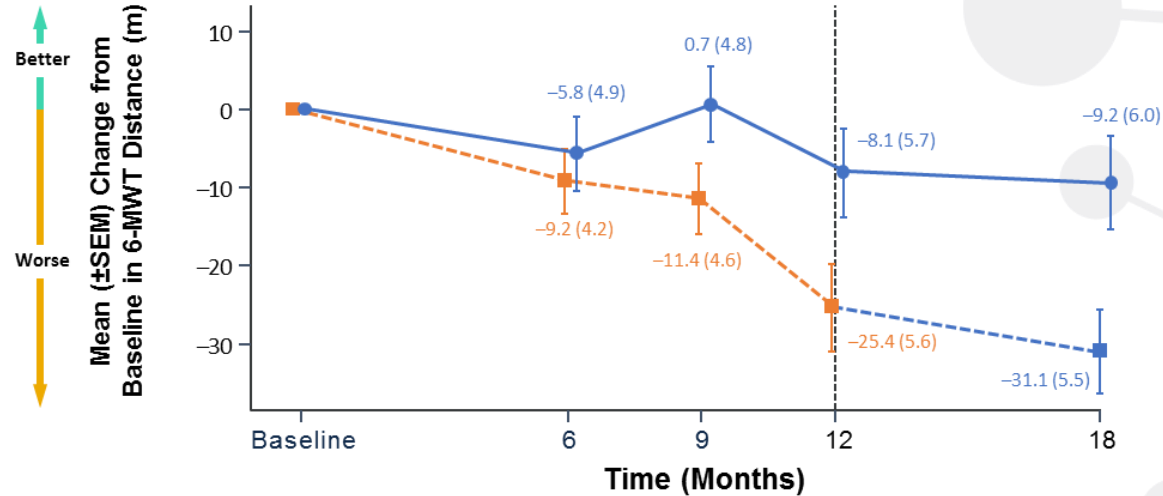
M.S. Maurer, P. Kale, M. Fontana, J.L. Berk, M. Grogan, F. Gustafsson, R.R. Hung, R.L. Gottlieb, T. Damy, A. González-Duarte, N. Sarswat, Y. Sekijima, N. Tahara, M.S. Taylor, M. Kubanek, E. Donal, T. Palecek, K. Tsujita, W.H.W. Tang, W.-C. Yu, L. Obici, M. Simões, F. Fernandes, S.H. Poulsen, I. Diemberger, F. Perfetto, S.D. Solomon, M. Di Carli, P. Badri, M.T. White, J. Chen, E. Yureneva, M.T. Sweetser, P.Y. Jay, P.P. Garg, J. Vest, and J.D. Gillmore, for the APOLLO-B Trial Investigators\*

# Résultats Appolo-B : ATTR-CA



## Critère primaire

Mean Change from Baseline in 6-MWT

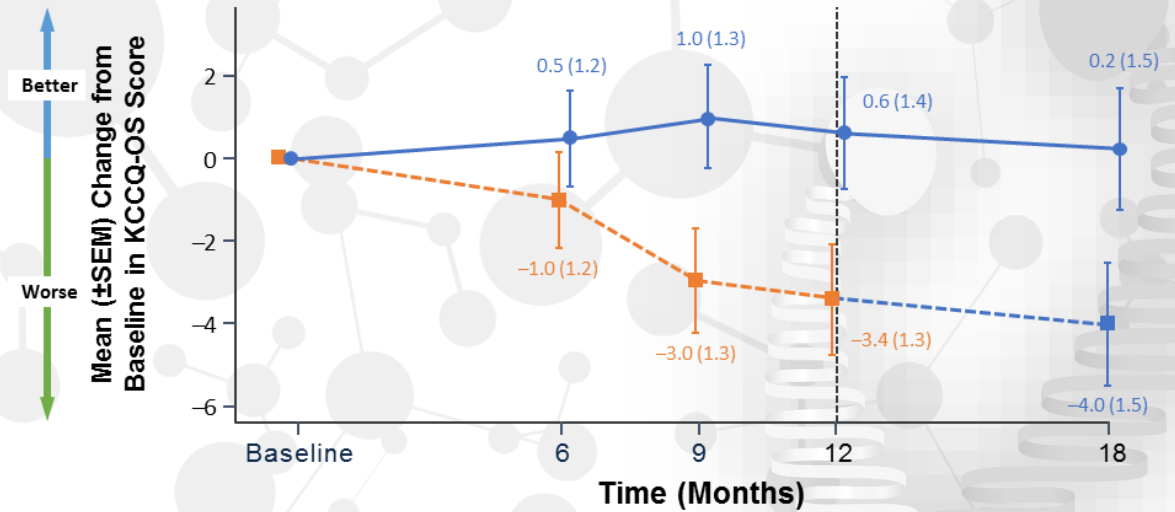


No. of patients	Baseline	6	9	12	18
Placebo	178	165	165	164	146
Patisiran	181	162	167	167	149

■ Patisiran

## Critère secondaire

Mean Change from Baseline in KCCQ-OS



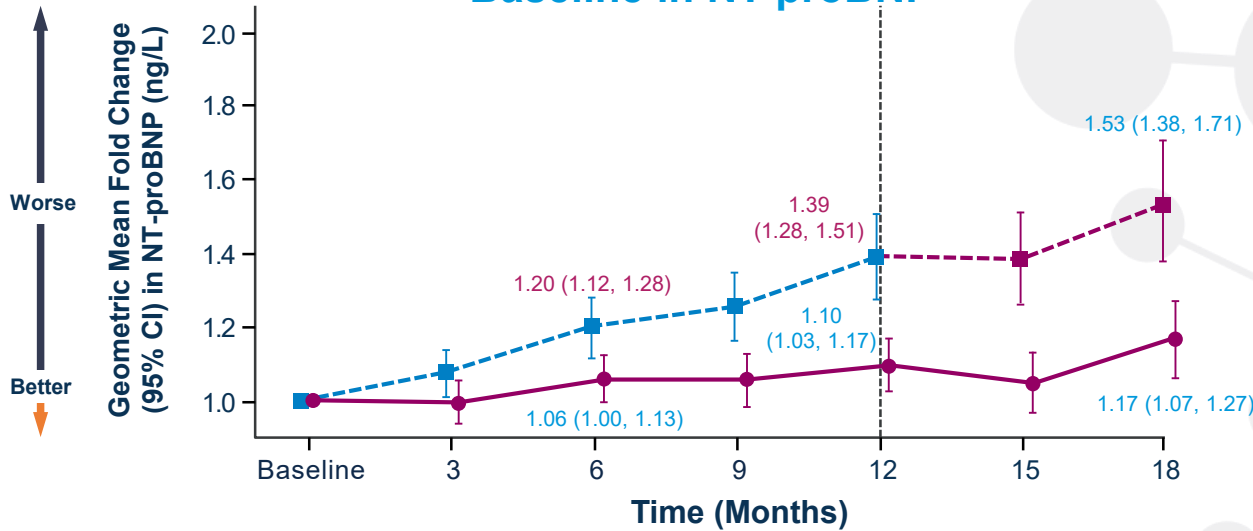
No. of patients	Baseline	6	9	12	18
Placebo	178	171	168	167	155
Patisiran	181	170	171	171	157

■ Placebo

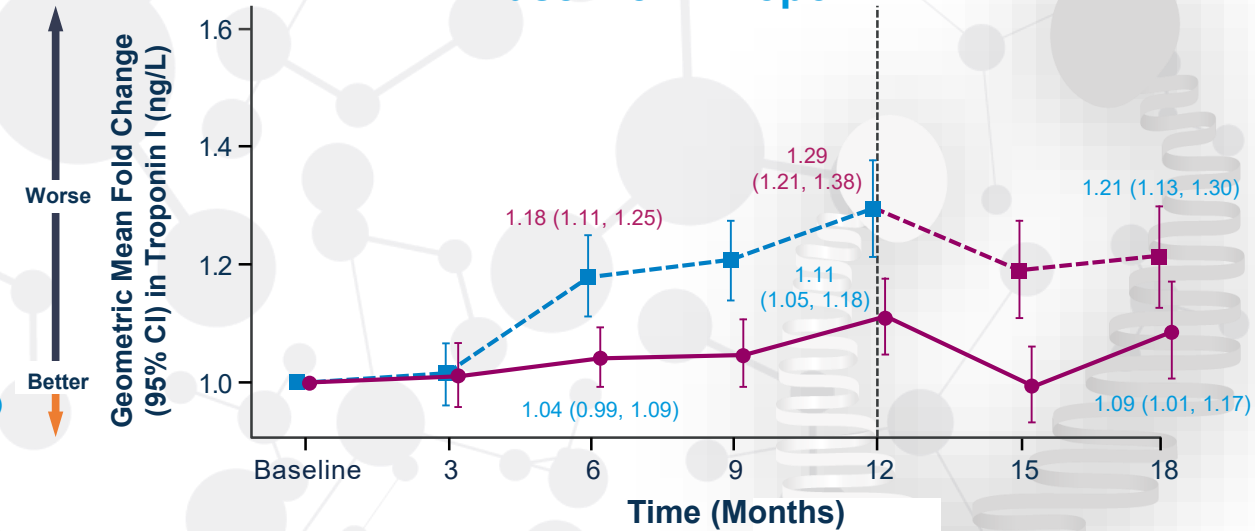
# Résultats Apollo-B: Biomarqueurs Cardiaques



### Geometric Mean Fold Change from Baseline in NT-proBNP<sup>a</sup>



### Geometric Mean Fold Change from Baseline in Troponin I<sup>a</sup>



No. of patients  
Placebo  
Patisiran

178	168	165	164	163	156	152
181	171	169	169	167	157	157

No. of patients  
Placebo  
Patisiran

172	158	162	156	155	150	145
174	161	162	160	158	146	147

■ Patisiran ■ Placebo

*D'après la présentation de Maurer M, ISA 2022 et HFA*

<sup>a</sup>Visits with number of patients on both treatment arms  $\geq 60$  are presented. Baseline is defined as the last non-missing value available on or before the date of first dose of study drug in the DB period. All patients received patisiran after Month 12. **Abbreviations:** CI, confidence interval; DB, double-blind; NT-proBNP, N-terminal prohormone of B-type natriuretic peptide; OLE, open-label extension.

# HELIOS B : Sub-cutaneous injection every 3 months.



## HELIOS·B

Randomized, double-blind trial in patients with ATTR-CM

**N = 655**

### Patient population

- Amyloidosis ATTR; wtATTR or ATTRv regardless of mutation
  - ≤ 30% use of tafamidis at baseline
- Confirmed cardiomyopathy and history of symptomatic heart failure
- NYHA ≤ III;
- PND I or II at baseline

1:1 RANDOMIZATION

Vutrisiran  
SC q3M  
25 mg

or

Placebo  
SC q3M

### Primary endpoint

Composite outcome of all-cause mortality and recurrent CV hospitalizations (when the last patient reaches month 30).

### Secondary endpoints

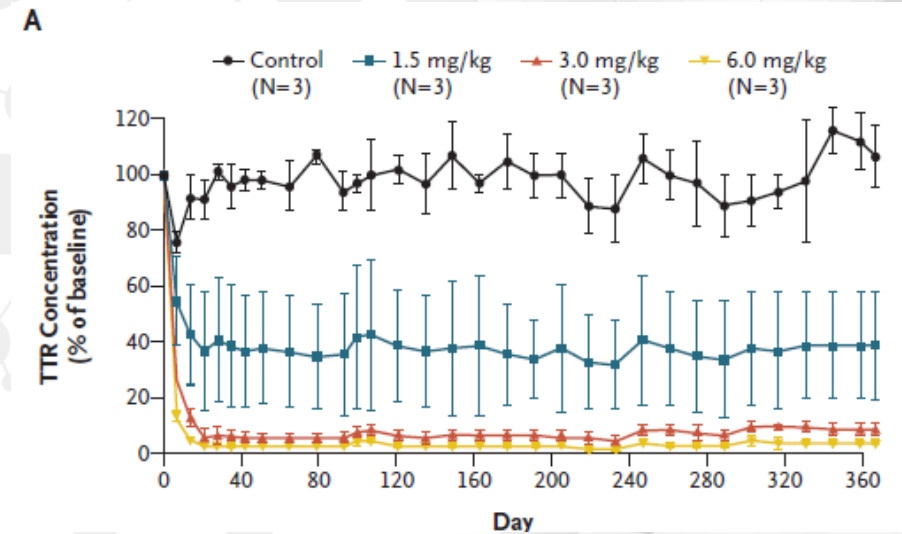
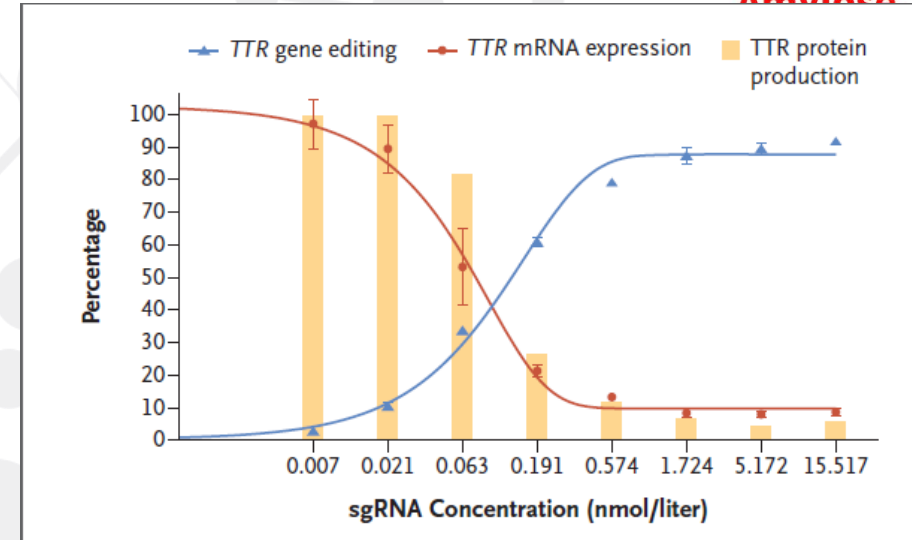
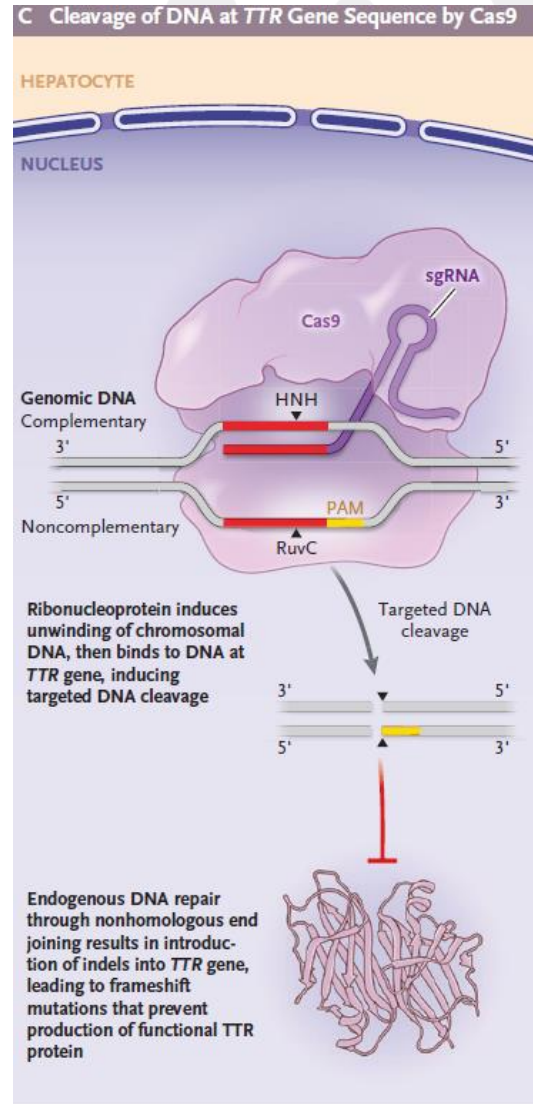
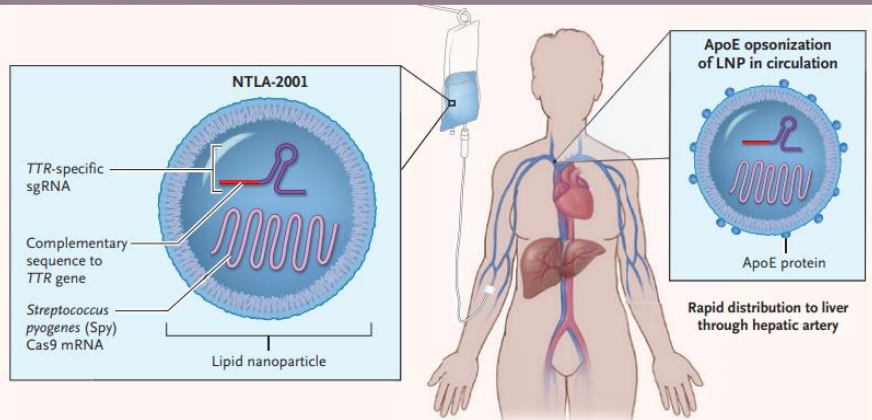
- Distance to 6-MWT
- Kansas City Cardiomyopathy Questionnaire (KCCQ OS) score.
- Average wall thickness of the left ventricle (LV)
- Global longitudinal strain
- Composite endpoint of all-cause mortality and recurrent all-cause hospitalizations
- All-cause mortality
- Recurrent CV hospitalizations
- NT-proBNP

# CrisprCas9: First gene therapy results for ATTR : Only one injection

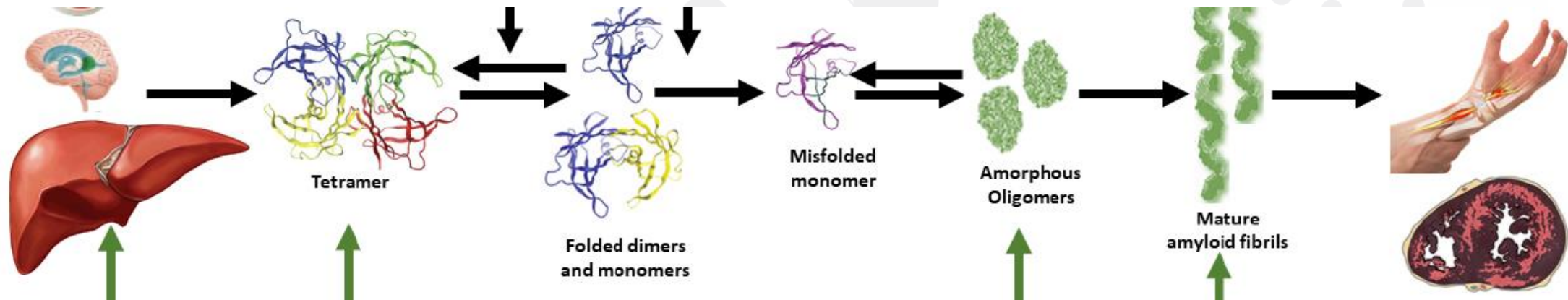
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

## CRISPR-Cas9 In Vivo Gene Editing for Transthyretin Amyloidosis

A Intravenous Infusion of NTLA-2001



# Les mécanismes d'action des nouveaux traitements



**Transplantation Hépatique**  
**Thérapie génique**  
-siRNA and ASO :  
Patisiran, Revusiran,  
Vutrisiran, Inotersen,  
Eplontersen  
-Crispr Cas 9

## Stabilisateurs

- Tafamidis,
- Acoramidis,
- Diflunisal

## Dépléteurs = Rétirer les dépôts

- NI006 : ALXN2220
- PRX004 : NN6019-4940

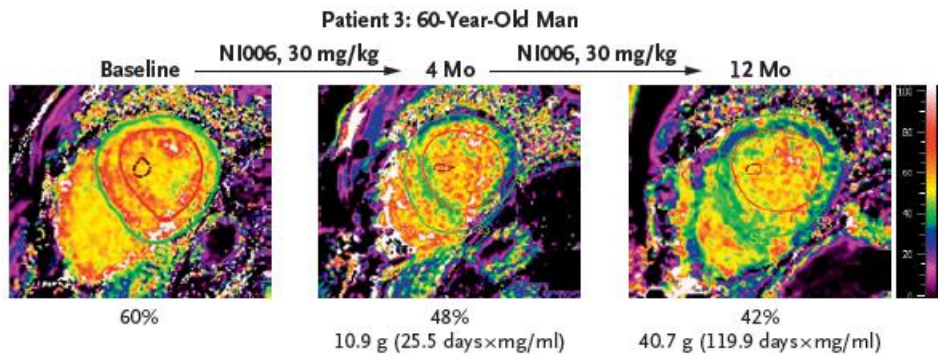
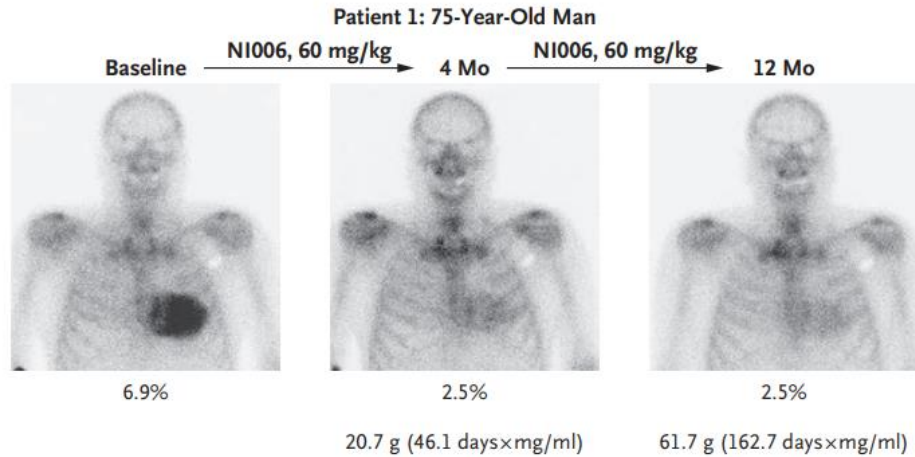


## Phase 1 Trial of Antibody NI006 for Depletion of Cardiac Transthyretin Amyloid

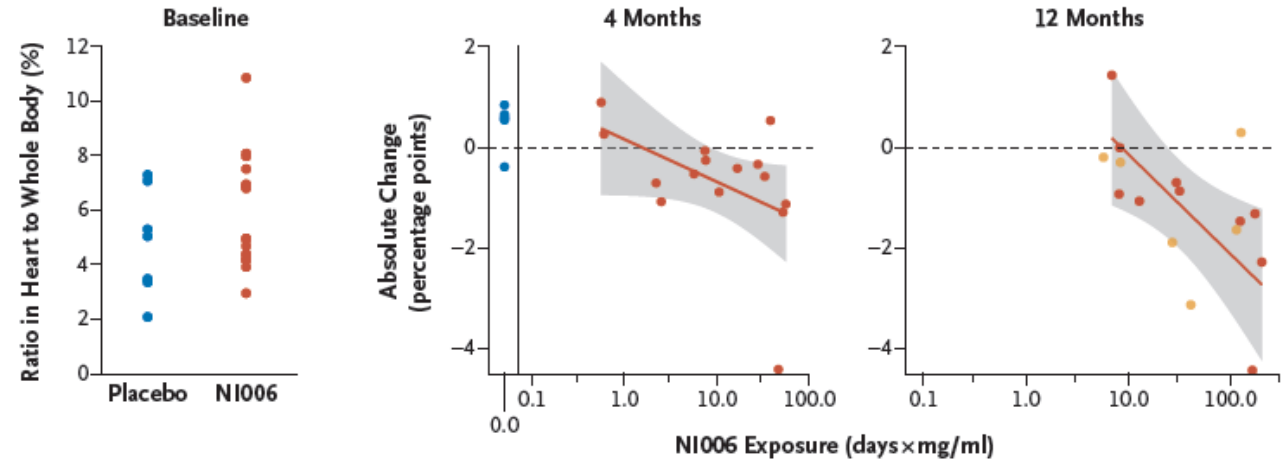
Pablo Garcia-Pavia, M.D., Ph.D., Fabian aus dem Siepen, M.D., Erwan Donal, M.D., Ph.D., Olivier Lairez, M.D., Peter van der Meer, M.D., Ph.D., Arnt V. Kristen, M.D., Michele F. Mercuri, M.D., Ph.D., Aubin Michalon, Ph.D., Robert J.A. Frost, M.D., Ph.D., Jan Grimm, Ph.D., Roger M. Nitsch, M.D., Christoph Hock, M.D., Peter C. Kahr, M.D., and Thibaud Damy, M.D., Ph.D.

- Double-blind, placebo-controlled, international, multicenter, combined single-ascending-dose and multiple-ascending dose, randomized clinical trial with an openlabel extension phase.
- NI006 or placebo every 4 weeks for 4 months.
- The 4-month placebocontrolled, ascending-dose phase was followed by an 8-month open-label extension phase in which all participating patients (including those randomly assigned to receive placebo) received NI006 with stepwise increases in the dose.

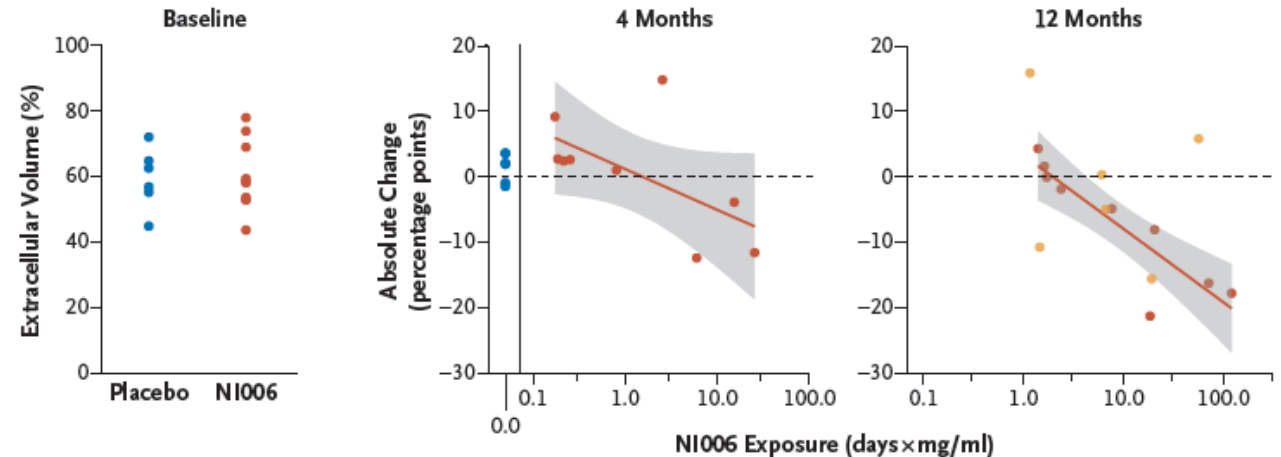
# Changes in Cardiac Fixation (Bone Scintigraphy and ECV (Cardiac MRI)



## A Cardiac Tracer Uptake on Scintigraphy

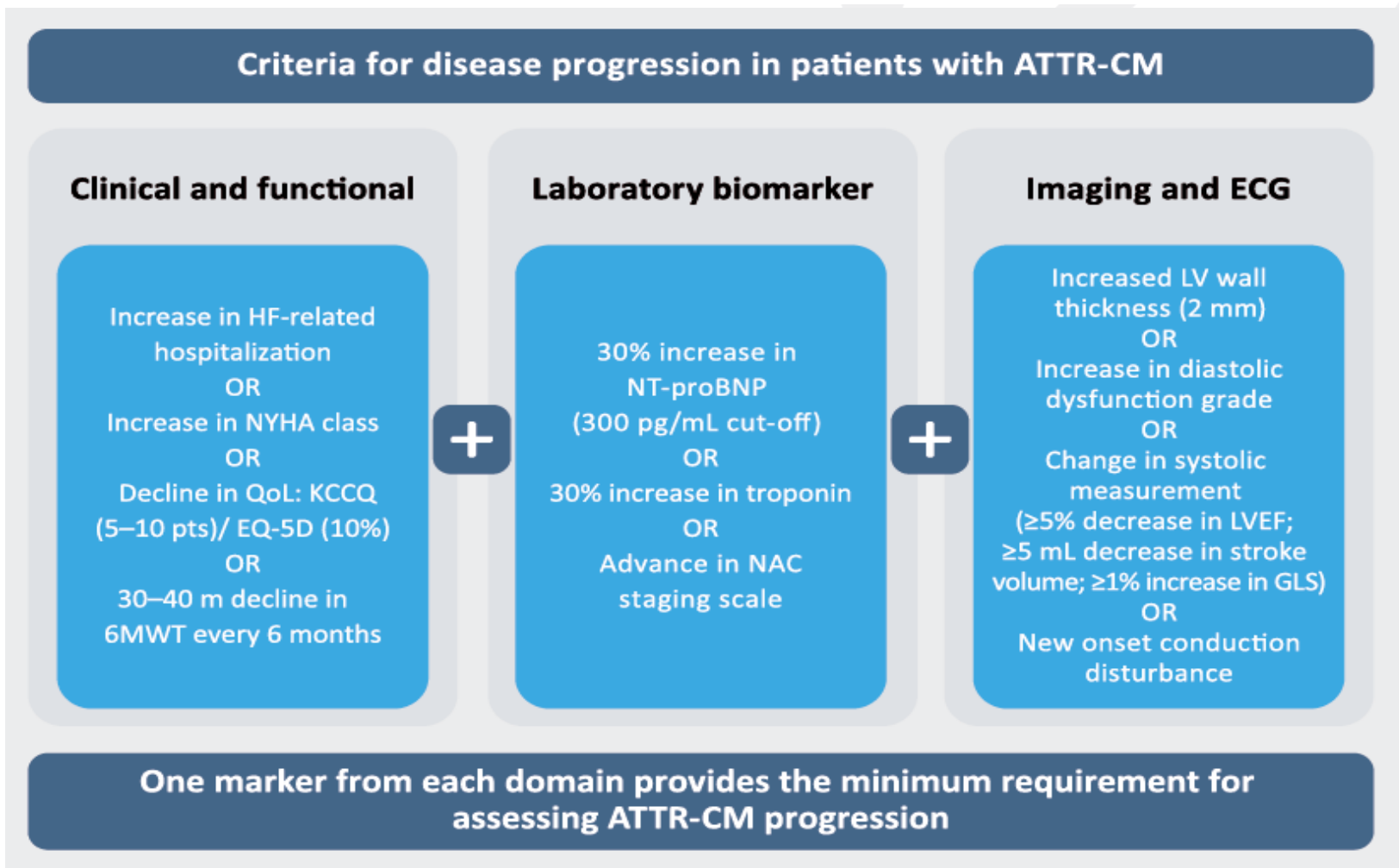


## B Extracellular Volume on Cardiac MRI



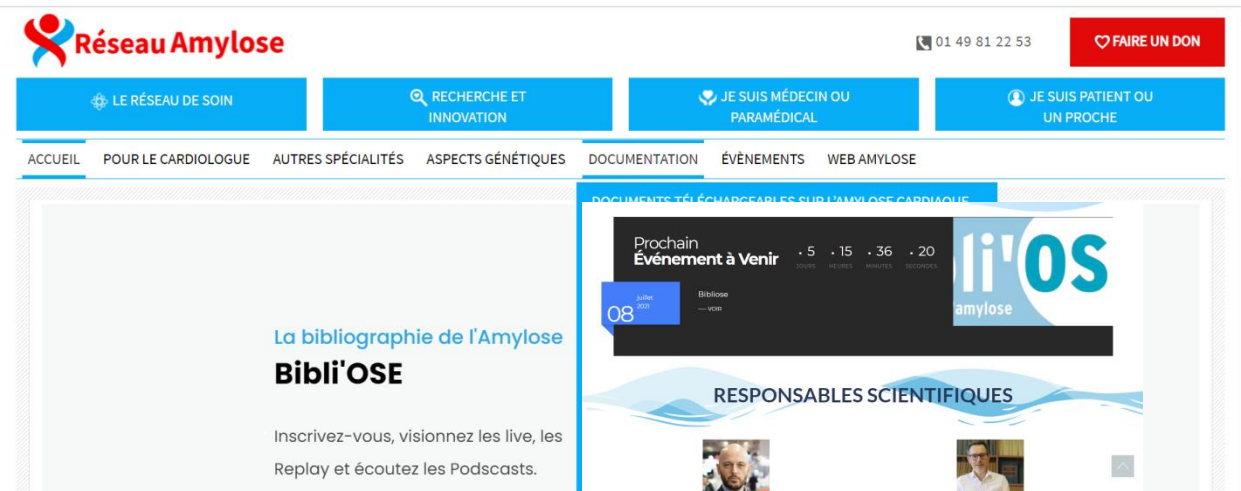
# Expert consensus on the monitoring of transthyretin amyloid cardiomyopathy

Pablo Garcia-Pavia<sup>1,2,3\*</sup>, Frank Bengel<sup>4</sup>, Dulce Brito<sup>5</sup>, Thibaud Damy<sup>3,6</sup>, Franz Duca<sup>7</sup>, Sharmila Dorbala<sup>8</sup>, Jose Nativi-Nicolau<sup>9</sup>, Laura Obici<sup>10</sup>, Claudio Rapezzi<sup>11,12</sup>, Yoshiki Sekijima<sup>13</sup>, and Perry M. Elliott<sup>14</sup>



# Conclusion

- **ATTR Treatment : Tafamidis and lot of new options are coming *if we can offer them***
- **AL amyloidosis are rare, underestimated and fatal multisystemic disease : Diagnostic emergency+++ = AL Treatment : Chemotherapy / Immunotherapy.**
- **Don't forget that...ATTR+ Gammopathy are frequent...**
- ***“The evolution of targeted treatment options, holds much promise for improving the outcomes of patients”***



The screenshot shows the Réseau Amylose website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the logo and contact information (01 49 81 22 53 and FAIRE UN DON). Below this are four main menu items: LE RÉSEAU DE SOIN, RECHERCHE ET INNOVATION, JE SUIS MÉDECIN OU PARAMÉDICAL, and JE SUIS PATIENT OU UN PROCHE. A secondary navigation bar includes ACCUEIL, POUR LE CARDIOLOGUE, AUTRES SPÉCIALITÉS, ASPECTS GÉNÉTIQUES, DOCUMENTATION, ÉVÈNEMENTS, and WEB AMYLOSE. The main content area features a 'Prochain Événement à Venir' section with a 'li'OS amylose' logo and a 'Bibli'OSE' section with the text 'Inscrivez-vous, visionnez les live, les Replay et écoutez les Podcasts.' Below this is a 'RESPONSABLES SCIENTIFIQUES' section with two profile pictures.

## Triptyques du Réseau Amylose

Téléchargez les brochures du Réseau Amylose

*Cliquez sur le lien du dépliant pour télécharger*

### Triptyques pour les professionnels

Ce que doit savoir le cardiologue :

Nom du Triptyque	Objectif	Lien
Les amyloses cardiaques	Présenter les amyloses cardiaques, leurs symptômes et examens et les traitements	<a href="#">Téléchargez ICI</a>
Amylose héréditaire cardiologique Val122Ile	Aider le cardiologue à comprendre la génétique des amyloses et la prise en charge particulière de la mutation ATTR Val122Ile	<a href="#">Téléchargez ICI</a>
Amylose héréditaire cardiologique ValMet30	Aider le cardiologue à comprendre la génétique des amyloses et la prise en charge particulière de la mutation ATTR ValMet30	<a href="#">Téléchargez ICI</a>
La scintigraphie osseuse	Comment réaliser et interpréter une scintigraphie osseuse pour le diagnostic de l'amylose cardiaque	<a href="#">Téléchargez ICI</a>
L'anatomopathologie pour le diagnostic des amyloses cardiaques	Description des différents types d'amylose – Comment analyser un tissu pour suspicion d'amylose	<i>en cours</i>
Le prise en charge de l'hypotension orthostatique	Comprendre les mécanismes et la prise en charge de l'hypotension orthostatique dans les amyloses cardiaques	<a href="#">Téléchargez ICI</a>
Prendre en charge la fragilité dans l'amylose	Expliquer la fragilité liée à l'amylose et les bénéfices de sa prise en charge au cardiologue	<i>en cours</i>
Prendre en charge les atteintes ORL	Expliquer les atteintes ORL (Surdité ou Trouble de la Voix ou du goût ou macroglossie) au cardiologue	<a href="#">Téléchargez ICI</a>
Chirurgie canalaire et amylose cardiaque	Expliquer les atteintes orthopédiques de l'amylose cardiaque au cardiologue	<i>en cours</i>
Canal carpien, canal lombaire et tendinopathies dans l'amylose	Expliquer les atteintes rhumatologiques (syndrome du canal carpien, canal lombaire étroit et tendinopathies) et leur prise en charge au cardiologue	<i>en cours</i>
	Expliquer les atteintes digestives de l'amylose cardiaque au	

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